

## **1. Назва теми: The USA – США. The Present Perfect Tense**

**2. Основні терміни:** powerful, to be situated, coast, to be washed, to be separated, highly developed, network of roads, to elect, to contest

**3. Основні поняття:** Утворення та вживання теперешнього доконаного часу.

### **4.1 Матеріал лекції**

The United States of America is one of the greatest countries in the world. It is situated on the North American continent and is washed by three oceans: the Pacific, the Atlantic and the Arctic. The USA only borders on two countries — Canada and Mexico. This great country has a lot of mountains, rivers, lakes. The main mountains are the Appalachians and the Cordilleras. The longest rivers are the Mississippi and the Missouri. The climate of the country is very changeable. In the southern part it is subtropical while the northern part has very cold weather in winter. America has fifty states and one federal District of Columbia where the capital of the country is situated. The capital of the USA is Washington. It stands on the Potomac river in the eastern part of the country. The main cities are located on the Pacific and Atlantic coasts. New-York is the largest city of the country. Other large cities are San- Francisco, Los-Angeles, Detroit, Chicago, Phoenix and Dallas. The USA is a country of highly developed industry and agriculture. The main industrial centres are Chicago and Detroit, with their greatest automobile company “General Motors”. There are many farms with various agricultural products. Grain, fruit and vegetables are grown on numerous fields especially in the South. The USA is a country with great holidays, customs and traditions. It is one of the most beautiful and interesting countries in the world.

### **4.2 THE PRESENT PERFECT TENSE - (Теперішній доконаний час)**

Вживається:

1. Теперішній доконаний час вживається для вираження дії, що вже завершилася на момент розмови, але її результат є видимим. They have run too fast. They are tired now. Вони бігли дуже швидко. Вони - втомлені. (результат бігу – втома).

2. Для вираження дії, точний час якої не вказується (коли саме), важливим є лише факт здійснення самої дії чи її результат.

She has read this book.

Вона прочитала цю книгу. (Дія є завершеною на момент розмови.)

3. Для позначення дій, які розпочалися в минулому і досі тривають.

He has been a doctor since 1991.

Він працює доктором з 1991 року (він почав працювати в 1991 році і досі працює).

4. Коли ми говоримо про те, що відбувається в «незавершений момент»:

today – сьогодні, this week – на цьому тижні,

this year – в цьому році, this month – в цьому місяці,

this decade – в цьому десятилітті, this century – в цьому столітті,

this millennium – в цьому тисячолітті

I have gone to the theatre today.

Я сьогодні ходила в театр (сьогоднішній день ще не скінчився).

I have finished the school this year.

Я закінчила школу в цьому році.

to write – писати (неправильне дієслово)

(+) Стверджувальне речення	(-) Заперечне речення	(?) Питальне речення
I have written. You have written. He has written. She has written. It has written. We have written. They have written.	I haven't written. You haven't written. He hasn't written. She hasn't written. It hasn't written. We haven't written. They haven't written.	<u>Have</u> I written ? <u>Have</u> you written? <u>Has</u> he written? <u>Has</u> she written? <u>Has</u> it written? <u>Have</u> we written? <u>Have</u> they written?

to print – printed – друкувати (правильне дієслово)

(+) Стверджувальне речення	(-) Заперечне речення	(?) Питальне речення
I have printed You have printed He has printed She has printed	I haven't printed You haven't printed He hasn't printed She hasn't printed	Have I printed ? Have you printed? Has he printed? Has she printed?

It has printed We have printed They have printed	It hasn't printed We haven't printed They haven't printed	Has it printed? Have we printed? Have they printed?
--	---	---

Обставини часу, характерні для теперішнього доконаного часу:

just	(щойно)
already	(вже)
ever	(коли-небудь)
never	(ніколи)
recently	(нещодавно, останнім часом)
lately	(нещодавно, останнім часом)
yet	(ще)
since	(а того часу як)
for	(протягом)
today	(сьогодні)
this week	(month, year) (цього тижня, місяця, року)
so far	(поки що).

Обставини часу, як правило, розташовуються між допоміжним та основним дієсловом (just, already, ever, never тощо) або в кінці речення (today, yet, so far, this week тощо).

Yet вживається тільки в заперечних та питальних реченнях

Наприклад:

We have never been to the Zoo.

I have seen him twice this week.

He hasn't left yet.

### 5.1 Questions:

1. Where is the USA situated?
2. What are the main mountains in the USA?
3. What are the main rivers in the USA?
4. Where are the main cities located?
5. What kind of country is the USA?

### 5.2 The Present Perfect Tense Exercises.

Вам подано десять речень українською мовою. Необхідно за зразком перекласти їх.

ПРИКЛАД: Я вже виграла приз.

I have already won the prize. - Я вже виграла приз.

Have you won the prize yet? - Ти вже виграла приз?

I haven't won the prize yet. - Я ще не виграла приз.

1. Ми вже написали твір.
2. Вони вже бачили цей фільм.
3. Ти вже прочитав цю статтю.
4. Я вже зробила домашнє завдання.
5. Вона вже поїхала до Києва.
6. Ви вже прийшли до школи.
7. Ти вже обрала сукню.
8. Він вже переміг на змаганнях з фехтування.
9. Я вже поговорила з ним.
10. Вона вже розбила вазу.

### **Прочитати та перекласти текст**

#### **Washington - the Capital of the USA - Вашингтон — столиця США**

Washington, the capital of the USA, was founded in 1791.

The city was named after the first president George Washington.

The population of the city is nearly three million people. The Capitol is the centre of the city. It was built according to the plans of William Thornton, who was an amateur architect. It is situated on Capitol Hill.

The White House is the place where the president of the USA lives and works.

This house was first occupied in 1800 by John Adams, who was the first president to live in that house. The White House has 132 rooms.

Washington has many sights, for example, the Library of Congress, the Lincoln memorial, the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier and others.

The National Gallery of Arts contains art collections by the great masters of the 14th to 18th centuries.

The Library of Congress contains millions of books and manuscripts.

Outside the city the Arlington National Cemetery is situated.

John Kennedy was buried there.

The famous Tomb of the Unknown Soldier is also situated there.

The industry of the city is not well developed.

But Washington is a large scientific and cultural centre.

Many research and designing institutes are concentrated here.

There are five universities in the city and the National Academy of Sciences.

In Washington it is also difficult to find a park or a square without a monument.

Questions:

1. What is the population of Washington?
2. Whose name was the city named after?
3. When was the capital founded?
4. What can you tell about the Capitol?
5. Do you know any places of interest in Washington?