ЗАВДАННЯ З АНГЛІЙСЬКОЇ МОВИ ДЛЯ СТУДЕНТІВ 1 (11) КУРСУ ЖАДК НТУ (2 CEMECTP)

Tema: Подорож ("Traveling") Типи питальних речень: спеціальні питання.

ЗАНЯТТЯ 1

NEW WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS:

1. traveling - подорож

2. to travel by: - подорожувати

planeлітаком1trainпотягомshipкораблемcarавтомобілем

3. to go abroad - поїхати за кордон

4. to travel on business - подорожувати у справах

5. to spend holiday - проводити відпустку

6. to choose - вибирати7. to carry - перевозити

8. to enjoy - насолоджуватися9. to prefer - надавати перевагу

10.advantage - перевага 11.disadvantage - недолік

12,to book tickets - замовити квиток 13,to go on foot - ходити пішки

14.to get airsick - захворіти повітряною хворобою 15,to get seasick - захворіти морською хворобою

16.to go on hike - ходити в похід

BΠPABA 1: LEARN THE WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS.

BΠPABA 2 : READ AND TRANSLATE THE TEXT.

TRAVELING

Modern life is **impossible** without traveling. Many people travel on **business**, many people travel for **pleasure**. Many people **go abroad** either on business or **to spend** their holidays there.

For some people traveling is their profession, for example, for drivers, pilots, sailors, stewardesses. There are many **means** of traveling nowadays. We can travel **by train**, **by plane**, **by sea or by car**. Many people like traveling **on foot**. Each of these kinds of traveling has its **advantages** and **disadvantages**.

Those, who **prefer** speed and comfort, travel by plane. But there are some disadvantages in this kind of traveling. Some people can **get airsick**. The **flights** can sometimes **be delayed** due to the weather. Besides, the tickets are rather **expensive**.

Traveling by train is not so fast as traveling by plane, but it gives you the **opportunity** to watch beautiful **sights** from the windows of the **carriages**, to read your favorite book or just to rest.

Many people like to travel by sea. It is very comfortable kind of traveling. But some people can **get seasick** during the **voyage.**

Traveling by car is **especially** popular nowadays. You can **drive** as slowly or as fast as you **wish**. You can stop at any place and **enjoy** the **picturesque** views. You don't have **to carry** heavy things and **to book tickets** in advance. It may be rather **tiring** to drive a car for a long time.

Many people like traveling on foot. They **go on hikes**. It's the slowest kind of traveling, but it is interesting and **useful**. You **enjoy** absolute freedom. You are active all the time and you are close to **nature**.

As for me I like to travel by plane.

ГРАМАТИКА: Типи питальних речень

- 1. Загальні питання (General Question)
- 2. Спеціальні питання (Special Question)
- 3. Альтернативні питання. (Alternative Question)
- 4. Розділові питання. (Disjunctive Question)

Спеціальне питання — це тип питального речення, що складається до кожного окремого члена речення, починається зі спеціального питального слова і потребує спеціальну відповідь.

Who? (хто); Whose? (чий); What? (що, який); When?(коли); Where? (де, куди, звідки); Why? (чому); How? (як); How many? (скільки, із злічуваними іменниками) ;How much? (скільки – з незлічуваними); How often? (як часто); How long? (як довго).

BΠΡΑΒΑ III: COMPOSE 5 SPECIAL QUESTIONS TO THE TEXT..

ЗАНЯТТЯ 2

ВПРАВА I. FINISH THE FOLLOWING SENTENSES:

- 1. For some people traveling
- 2. We can travel.....
- 3. Traveling by train.....
- 4. Traveling by car.....
- 5. You don't have to carry......
- 6. You are active

BIIPABA II: IN EACH LINE THERE IS ONE NOUN WHICH DOES NOT GO WITH THE VERB. WHICH ONE?

1) to drive a car, a plane, a train, a bus 2) to ride a bike, a boat, a horse, a camel

3) to go by a bus, foot, a car, a helicopter

4) to get into \out of a motorbike, a taxi, a car, a lorry

BΠΡΑΒΑ III: ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

- 1. Why do people travel?
- 2. What kind of traveling do you know?
- 3. What advantages of traveling by plane do you know?
- 4. What disadvantages of traveling by car can you name?
- 5. What kind of traveling do you prefer and why?

ЗАНЯТТЯ 3

BIIPABA I: READ THE TEXT AND CHOOSE THE RIGHT ANSWER TO THE QUESTIONS.

A TRIP BY RAILWAY

The traveler first of all books his ticket in advance. He makes his preparations before the trip. On the eve of his departure he packs his things in a suitcase. When the day of departure comes he calls a cab or

takes a rout-taxi and gets to the railway station. For some time he stays in the waiting-room.

Then he looks for his carriage, enters the corridor and with the help of the porter finds his berth. The traveler puts his suitcase into a special box under the seat. Very soon a whistle is heard and the train starts. First the train runs slowly, then it gathers speed. An express train doesn't stop at little stations. It stops at big stations and junctions where some passengers change trains.

During the trip the guard or a special inspector checks the tickets of the travelers. On the next day the traveler arrives at his destination. He calls a porter who helps him to carry his luggage along the platform.

- 1) What does a traveler do first of all?
- A) makes his preparations
- B) books his tickets
- C) fixes all his business
- 2) What does he do on the day of his departure?
- A) cooks dinner
- B) invites friends
- C) calls a cab and gets to the railway station
- 3) What does he look for?
- A) a car
- B) a carriage
- C) a plane
- 4) Where does a traveler put his suit-case into?
- A) a corridor
- B) a room
- C) a special box
- 5) Who checks his tickets?
- A) a special inspector
- B) a teacher
- C) a driver